**Unit 7**

**Industrial Revolution Guided Notes**

* Pre-Industrial Society
	+ Mostly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Agriculture based on 3 field system w/ one \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ field each year
	+ Forces for change
		- Growing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		- Need for more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Agrarian Improvements

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ movement
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ around landowners property
	+ Landowners gained \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; peasants became \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Crops could vary without having to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the rest of the village
* Crop Rotation
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ crops among fields to restore \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the soil
	+ No more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fields
	+ More crops, more food, more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Advancements in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tools – seed drill
* New crops – corn and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Development Of Capitalism and Early Industry

* Goal of industrial production
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the unit cost of production through improved \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Capitalism offers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the growing industries
* Cottage Industry/Domestic System
	+ 1st seen in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Merchants supply the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; Women spin that into cloth at \_\_\_\_
* Effects
	+ Large income for new \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ class
	+ New \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for peasants
	+ Familiar products now \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ due to division of labor and specialization

The Rise of the Factory

* Cottage Industry couldn’t keep up with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for textiles
* Development of new \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ too big to fit in the home
* Development Of Water frame
	+ water as a source of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ All early \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ located on water
* An entrepreneur gathered hundreds of workers under one \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Paid on a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pay scale
	+ Worked on a single, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ part of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ process
	+ All decisions in the hands of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who controlled the factory
* Other power sources: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Why Britain?- The Birthplace of the Revolution

* Geography
	+ Good climate, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ resources, separate from Europe and European \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Government
	+ Encouraged \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, allowed peasants to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, funded canals and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Social Factors
	+ Society \_\_\_\_\_\_ rigid, allowed for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Colonial Empire
	+ Supplied \_\_\_\_\_ materials and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for goods
* Advantages of Industrializing 1st
	+ No \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and monopoly on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Effects of Textile Factories in Great Britain
	+ Prices of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ produced items were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ More \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ population
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Immigration

Steam Energy

* James \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1760s)
* Developed as a response to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Factories can now be located \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from water
* Requires \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Increased \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, led to more jobs
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ industry develops
	+ Machinery, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Later leads to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the modernization of building
	+ By 1860s, industry had spread to Belgium, France, Prussia, Italy, and the U.S.

Spread of the Industrial Revolution

* Industry spread slowly during the 18th & early 19th centuries
	+ No other country had England’s combination of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ England \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ industrial techniques as state secrets
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_’s wars prevented Europe from industrializing

Advancements

* Transportation
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ roads
	+ Canals
	+ Railroads (1829)
		- The result of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ power
		- Effects: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ transportation, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ profit, fueled other industries including coal, iron, steel, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – Daimler (1885)
	+ Planes – \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ brothers (1903)
* Communication
	+ Telegraph – \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1837)
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – Bell (1876)
* Electricity
	+ Edison – factories can now run at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Impact of Industrialization on Society

* Development of a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ class
* Poor factory conditions led to change in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ laws
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ labor
* Inequality of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Development of Big Business, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Business Cycle
* Led to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ labor and labor \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Socialism and Communism
	+ Karl \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ – history is a class struggle between the haves and the have-nots
	+ The working class should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ control
	+ The society as a whole would \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ everything
* Economic Effects
	+ New \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and development of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Rapidly growing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the 1800’s
	+ Increased production and higher \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for raw materials
	+ Growth of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ trade
	+ Population \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and expanding \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ force
	+ Exploitation of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ resources
	+ Highly developed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and investment system
	+ Advances in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, agriculture, and communication
* Social Effects
	+ Increase in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of cities
	+ Lack of city planning
	+ Loss of family \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Expansion in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ class
	+ Harsh conditions of laborers including \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Worker’s progress versus \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ economic attitudes
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ standard of living
	+ Creation of \_\_\_\_\_ jobs
	+ Encouragement of technological progress
* Political Effects
	+ Child Labor \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to end abuses
	+ Reformers urging equal \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of wealth
	+ Trade \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ formed
	+ Social reform movements, such as utilitarianism, utopianism, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Marxism
	+ Reform bills in Parliament and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_